ante	(before)	antedate, antecedent, antebellum, anterior, ante meridiem, antepenult	Latin
anti	(against)	anti-aircraft, antibody, anticlimax, anticline, antitoxin, antithesis	Greek
bi	(two)	bilateral, bicycle, binary, bimonthly, biped, bipolar, binocular, bicuspid	Latin
circum	(around)	circumnavigate, circumspect, circumvent, circumlocution, circus	Latin
com	(together)	combination, comfort, commensurate, common, complete, combo	Latin
con	(together)	contract, confidence, confine, confederate, conjunction, contact	Latin
de	(down)	deposit, descent, despicable, denounce, deduct, demolish, decrepit, deplete	Latin
dis	(away)	distract, distort, dispute, dissonant, disperse, dismiss, dissuade, disprove	Latin
equi	(equal)	equitable, equilateral, equivocate, equinox, equation, equilibrium	Latin
extra	(beyond)	extraterrestrial, extraordinary, extravagant, extrovert, extramural	Latin
inter	(between)	international, interdepartmental, interstellar, interject, interlude	Latin
intra	(within)	intracellular, intravenous, intracranial, intrastate, intrauterine	Latin
intro	(into)	introduce, introspective, introvert, introject, introrse, intromission	Latin
mal	(bad)	malevolent, malcontent, malicious, malign, malady, malapropism, malonym	Latin
mis	(bad)	misfit, mistake, misfortune, misfire, misery, miser, misdeed, misguided	Germanic
non	(not)	nonstop, nonprofit, none, nonconformity, nonplussed, nonchalant	Latin
post	(after)	postgraduate, posthumous, postscript, posterity, posterior, postlude	Latin
pre	(before)	prelude, preposition, premonition, premature, predict, predecessor	Latin
semi	(half)	semitone, semiaquatic, semicircle, semiweekly, semiannual, semiformal	Latin
sub	(under)	subterranean, subtract, subordinate, submarine, subterfuge, substantial	Latin
super	(over)	supervise, superb, superior, superfluous, supercilious, supernatural	Latin
syn	(together)	synthetic, synchronize, syndrome, synonym, synopsis, syntax	Greek
s y m	(together)	sympathy, symbiosis, symbol, symmetry, symphony, symposium	Greek
tri	(three)	tricycle, triangle, triceps, triad, trichotomy, triceratops, trivia, trialogue	Greek
un	(not)	unfit, unequal, undone, unequivocal, unearned, unconventional, untenable	Old English

The Word Within the Word • Notes #1

- The interior of a word often contains a striking image that only a person who knows the meaning of the stems will enjoy. In the case of **circumspect**, which means cautious, we see the cautious person looking (spect) around (circum) for signs of danger.
- 2. Many other **spect** words contain memorable images. The **introspective** person is not merely thoughtful, but is looking inside himself. And we **respect** a person when something that person does causes us to look at him again in a new way.
- Some words offer moments of humor. The person who **equivocates** is deliberately ambiguous, but we see in the word an image of someone having problems with his mouth as he attempts to give equal (equi) voice (voc) to both sides of an issue!
- 4. Depending upon how it is used, **introvert** contains an unsettling, sad image. The intro (into) vert (turn) is turned into himself—his back to the beautiful, unnoticed world.
- 5. Even familiar words take on new light at times. Why is a **preposition** called a preposition? Because of its position—it always (almost) comes at the beginning of a prepositional phrase. It occupies the PRE position.
- The word posthumous, as in posthumous award, contains a portrait of tragedy. A posthumous award is only granted after (post) its recipient has been buried in the ground (humus).
- 7. The foolishness of a too-talkative person's excessive questions and comments is wittily described by the word superfluous. The talker has provided all of the comments that can be contained, and now the comments begin to over (super) flow (flu).
- 8. Can a word help to sharpen one's senses? The beauty of a symphony arises largely from just what the word symphony emphasizes; the musicians play their instruments in unison so that the sounds (phon) rise together (sym).

archy	(government)	monarchy, oligarchy, hierarchy, anarchy, matriarchal, patriarch	Greek
ard	(always)	drunkard, coward, braggart, laggard, dullard, sluggard, niggardly	Germanic
cide	(kill)	herbicide, homicide, matricide, suicide, regicide, genocide, fratricide	Latin
ician	(specialist)	technician, musician, beautician, physician, statistician, clinician	Latin
itis	(infection)	appendicitis, tonsillitis, bursitis, arthritis, gastroenteritis	Greek
aqua	(water)	aquarium, aquatic, aquaplane, aqueduct, aquifer, aqueous, semiaquatic	Latin
audi	(hear)	audiophile, audience, audition, auditory, audiometer, audit, audiology	Latin
bell	(war)	bellicose, belligerent, bellow, rebel, casus belli, counterrebellion	Latin
сар	(take)	capture, captive, captor, captious, captivate, captivity, caption, capsule	Latin
cise	(cut)	excise, incisors, incision, circumcise, incisive, precise, concise, decision	Latin
bio	(life)	biography, biology, biomorphic, biochemistry, exobiology, biogenesis	Greek
auto	(self)	autobiography, automobile, autograph, automatic, automaton, autocracy	Greek
port	(carry)	transport, import, report, porter, deport, important, portage, portly, comport	Greek
scrib	(write)	scribble, inscribe, scribe, describe, conscription, transcribe, ascribe	Latin
logy	(science)	biology, anthropology, geology, entomology, philology, mythology	Greek
dict	(say)	dictionary, predict, malediction, dictation, addict, interdict, contradict	Latin
cred	(believe)	credit, incredible, credible, incredulous, discredited, credibility, credo	Latin
cent	(one hundred)	century, bicentennial, centimeter, centipede, centurion	Latin
neo	(new)	neologism, neophyte, neon, neolithic, neoclassic, neoPlatonist, neonatal	Greek
ad	(to)	adhesive, adapt, addendum, addition, adherent, addict, advent, advocate	Latin
cede	(go)	recede, precede, antecedent, proceed, secede, concede, intercede, succeed	Latin
miss	(send)	dismiss, remiss, missile, admission, missionary, emission, promissory	Latin
centri	(center)	centrifugal, centripetal, centrist, concentric, decentralize, eccentric	Greek
biblio	(book)	bibliography, bibliophile, bibliolatry, bible, bibliomania, bibliophobia	Greek
anthropo	(man)	anthropology, anthropomorphic, anthropoid, lycanthrope, misanthrope	Greek

The Word Within the Word • Notes #2

- 1. What would it mean if a piece of abstract modern sculpture were described as **biomorphic**? It would mean that, while the sculpture is not representative of any particular life form, it draws its shapes and lines from those found among living things. It is a study of shapes (morph) found among living (bio) things.
- 2. A Micropoem: Sometimes words are metaphors. To say that an artist is a **neophyte** in the art world, meaning that the artist is a beginner, is to compare the artist to a tiny new (neo) plant (phyte) just emerging from the seed.
- We say that someone is **remiss** in his duties if he is lax or negligent. But the stems tell the real story; if he is remiss, we have to send (miss) him back to do the job again (re)!
- 4. If something is **important**, then it is valuable enough to carry (port) in (im). We carry things into the building out of the rain, and we carry truths into the mind out of the world.
- 5. A supporter of a viewpoint or of a politician is known as an **adherent**, but in our mind's eye we see the adherent stuck (here) to (ad) the side of the admired person or opinion!
- 6. Does a pronoun have an **antecedent**? An antecedent is simply the noun that goes (cede) before (ante) the pronoun. The pronoun refers backwards to the go-before noun.
- 7. Does the term **bibliography** intimidate you? It needn't. To make a bibliography, you merely write (graph) down a list of the books (biblio) you read for your report. The books should be listed in alphabetical order by the author's last names

The Word Within the Word • List #3

homo	(same)	homogenize, homonym, homophone, homologous, homozygous	Greek
spec	(look)	spectacles, specter, speck, specious, spectrum, respect, inspect, prospectus	Latin
duct	(lead)	conduct, ductile, induct, product, reduction, deduction, reproduction	Latin
fer	(carry)	transfer, infer, refer, defer, ferry, conifer, Lucifer, aquifer, auriferous	Latin
pend	(hang)	pending, pendulum, pendant, impending, depend, pendulous, suspend	Latin
micro	(small)	micron, microscope, microwave, microphone, microcosm, microbiotic	Greek
hydro	(water)	hydroplane, hydroponics, dehydrate, hydrogen, hydrophobia	Greek
photo	(light)	photograph, photometer, photon, photogenic, photosynthesis	Greek
pan	(all)	panorama, panoply, pandemic, pantheism, pantheon, panamerican	Greek
penta	(five)	pentagram, pentagon, pentameter, pentathlon, pentarchy, pentahedron	Greek
tele	(far)	telescope, telephone, telekinesis, telepathy, teleology, telesthesia, telex	Greek
vid	(look)	video, invidious, Montevideo, evidence, provide, videogenic, vide, videlicet	Latin
omni	(all)	omnifarious, omnipotent, omnivorous, omniscient, omnibus, omnipresent	Latin
ex	(out)	exit, except, excise, exculpate, elucidate, exorbitant, eccentric, enumerate	Latin
poly	(many)	polyphony, polygyny, polygamy, allopolyploidy, polyvalent	Greek
re	(again)	return, review, retouch, reiterate, retail, revive, regenerate, regurgitate	Latin
hyp	(under)	hypodermic, hypocrite, hypotenuse, hypothermia, hypothesis	Greek
pseudo	(false)	pseudonym, pseudopod, pseudomorphic, pseudoscience, pseudoevent	Greek
neuro	(nerve)	neuron, neurosurgeon, neurosis, neurology, neuralgia, neurotomy	Greek
tomy	(cut)	tonsillectomy, appendectomy, neurotomy, dichotomy, anatomy, lobotomy	Greek
hema	(blood)	hematic, hematite, hematology, hematoma, hemal, hematogenesis	Greek
proto	(first)	protoplasm, prototype, Protozoa, proton, protohuman, protomorphic	Greek
phon	(sound)	symphony, telephone, phonetic, phonograph, euphony, cacophony	Greek
mono	(one)	monotonous, monomania, monocular, monogamous, monolithic, monotone	Greek
viv	(life)	vivid, vivisection, vivacious, convivial, bon vivant, viva, viviparous, revive	Greek

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morph	(shape)	amorphous, morphology, polymorphously, mesomorph, protomorphic	Greek
vest	(clothes)	vestry, vestment, vestibule, vest, investiture, devest, divestiture	Latin
bene	(good)	benefit, benevolent, beneficial, benediction, benefactor, benign	Latin
ponď	(weight)	ponderous, ponder, preponderant, pound, imponderable, compound	Latin
corp	(body)	corpulent, corporation, corporeal, corporal, corpse, corpuscle	Latin
dorm	(sleep)	dormitory, dormant, dormer, dormancy, dormitive, dormient	Latin
pater	(father)	paternalistic, patronize, paternity, patriarch, expatriate, paterfamilias	Latin
nov	(new)	novel, nova, novice, novitiate, Nova Scotia, innovation, rennovate	Latin
punct	(point)	punctuate, punctilious, puncture, punctual, acupuncture, contrapuntal	Latin
ject	(throw)	eject, reject, conjecture, dejected, inject, subject, projection, interject	Latin
tion	(act or state)	completion, reaction, devastation, production, creation, transition	Latin
loco	(place)	locomotive, location, local, locus, relocate, dislocate, localize, locomotor	Latin
dox	(opinion)	orthodox, heterodox, doxology, indoctrinate, paradox	Greek
amphi	(both)	amphibious, amphitheater, amphibian, amphigory, amphibolous	Greek
magn	(great)	Magna Carta, magnanimous, magnate, magnificent, magnum opus	Latin
eu	(good)	Eucharist, euphony, eulogy, euphemism, Europe, eugenics, euglena	Greek
endo	(within)	endoplasm, endocrine, endogamous, endoskeleton, endothermic	Greek
phobia	(fear)	claustrophobia, acrophobia, xenophobia, agoraphobia, hydrophobia	Greek
ortho	(straight)	orthopedics, orthodontist, orthodox, orthography, orthogonal	Greek
put	(think)	reputation, putative, impute, dispute, computer, disreputable	Latin
ver	(true)	verify, veracity, veritable, verdict, verisimilitude, aver, cinema verite	Latin
matri	(mother)	matricide, matron, matriarch, matrimony, metropolis, matrilineal	Latin
mega	(large)	megalith, megaphone, megalomania, megalopolis, megahertz, megaton	Greek
pop	(people)	popular, populist, populate, population, popularize, populous	Latin
sangui	(blood)	sanguinary, sanguine, consanguinity, sangfroid, sangria	Latin

vita	(life)	vitamin, vitality, vital, revitalize, viable, vitalism, devitalize	Latin
demo	(people)	democracy, demography, undemocratic, democratize	Greek
stereo	(solid)	stereoscope, stereophonic, stereotype, stereopticon, stereotropism	Greek
ism	(doctrine)	Marxism, capitalism, Imagism, Cubism, nihilism, pluralism, tribalism	Greek
cogn	(know)	recognize, cognizant, incognito, cognoscenti, cognomen, precognition	Latin
sur	(over)	surplus, surpass, surcharge, surface, surfeit, surmount, surname, surtax	Latin
alter	(other)	alternator, alteration, alter ego, alternative, altruism, altercation	Latin
astr	(star)	astronomy, astrology, asteroid, disaster, asterisk, astrophysics, astrolabe	Greek
dyna	(power)	dynamic, dynamo, dynamite, dynasty, dynamometer, dinosaur	Greek
chron	(time)	chronometer, chronological, synchronize, chronic, anachronism	Greek
hyper	(over)	hyperactive, hyperventilate, hyperbole, hyperacidity, hypertension	Greek
luna	(moon)	lunar, lunatic, lunate, luna moth, lunette, sublunar, lunular	Latin
octa	(eight)	octameter, octagenarian, octagon, octarchy, octave, octopus, octahedron	Greek
gyro	(turn)	gyration, gyroscope, gyre, gyrate, spirogyra, gyromagnetic,gyrocompass	Greek
contra	(against)	contradict, contrary, contrast, contrapuntal, contraband, contravene	Latin
geo	(earth)	geography, geothermal, geology, geophysics, geometry, geosynchronous	Greek
helio	(sun)	Helios, heliotropic, heliocentric, heliograph, perihelion, aphelion	Greek
thermo	(heat)	thermostat, thermos, thermotropic, thermonuclear, thermocouple	Greek
tetra	(four)	tetrameter, tetrahedron, tetroxide, tetragon, tetrachloride, tetracycline	Greek
meter	(measure)	thermometer, millimeter, octameter, hydrometer, odometer	Greek
scope	(look)	telescope, microscope, periscope, radarscope, horoscope, electroscope	Greek
son	(sound)	sonar, unison, sonorous, song, sonnet, dissonance, resonant, supersonic	Latin
dec	(ten)	decade, decaliter, decimal, decagon, decathlon, decimate, duodecahedron	Greek
stell	(star)	interstellar, stelliform, stellar, constellation, stellate, stellify	Latin
amat	(love)	amatory, amateur, amorous, amiable, amigo, amour-propre, amity	Latin

germ	(vital or related)	germane, germinate, germicide, germinal, germ	Latin
greg	(group)	gregarious, egregious, gregariously, segregate, congregate, aggregate	Latin
mar	(sea)	marine, marina, ultramarine, maritime, mariner, marinate, submarine	Latin
prim	(first)	prime, primary, primate, primogeniture, primeval, prima donna, primo	Latin
pyro	(fire)	pyre, pyromania, pyrotechnic, pyrogenic, pyrophobia, pyrometer	Greek
clam	(cry out)	clamorous, exclamation, clamor, exclamatory, clamant, declaim	Latin
plu	(more)	plural, plurality, plus, pluralize, pluriaxial, pluralism, nonplussed	Latin
tang	(touch)	tangible, tangent, tangle, tango, tangential, cotangent, intangible	Latin
string	(bind)	stringent, string, stringy, astringent, stringer	Latin
liber	(free)	liberate, liberty, liberal, libertine, deliberate, libertarian	Latin
junct	(join)	junction, conjunction, juncture, disjunct, injunction, adjunct	Latin
clud	(close)	exclude, include, preclude, exclusive, occlude, conclude, cloister	Latin
se	(apart)	secede, secret, sedition, seduce, segregate, select, sedulous, separate	Latin
trib	(pay)	tribute, tributary, retribution, contribution, attribute, diatribe, distribute	Latin
dign	(worthy)	dignify, dignity, condign, dignitary, undignified, indignation	Latin
luc	(light)	lucid, translucent, lucidity, pellucid, Lucifer, elucidate, lucent, lucubrate	Latin
rupt	(break)	erupt, disrupt, rupture, corrupt, abrupt, uncorruptible	Latin
grat	(pleasing)	gratifying, gratitude, ingrate, grateful, gratuitous, ingratiate	Latin
medi	(middle)	median, mediate, medium, mediocre, mediterranean, in medias res	Latin
soph	(wisdom)	sophomore, sophisticated, sophist, philosophy, pansophy, theosophy	Greek
curr	(run)	current, undercurrent, currently, recurrent, currency, incurr	Latin
tempor	(time)	temporal, contemporary, temporize, temporarily, tempus fugit	Latin
migr	(wander)	migrate, transmigration, migrant, migratory, emigrant, immigrant	Latin
trans	(across)	transfer, translate, transmit, transfusion, translucent, transcend	Latin
gamy	(marriage)	monogamy, polygamy, bigamy, gamete, autogamous, exogamy	Greek

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numer	(number)	enumerate, numeral, numerous, supernumeraries, numerology	Latin
fort	(strong)	fortitude, fort, fortify, fortification, comfort, forte, fortissimo, pianoforte	Latin
osteo	(bone)	osteopath, osteology, osteopathy, osteoblast, osteocyte, osteotomy	Greek
ornith	(bird)	ornithology, ornithologist, ornithopter, ornithomancy, ornithosis	Greek
polis	(city)	metropolis, megalopolis, police, police, policy, acropolis, necropolis	Greek
fus	(pour)	transfusion, infusion, refuse, fusillade, fusion, infuse, confusion	Latin
ego	(I)	egomaniac, egocentric, egotistical, egotist, egotize, egoism, alter ego	Latin
spir	(breathe)	inspire, respiration, perspiration, expire, spirit, aspire, conspire	Latin
dia	(across)	diagonal, diameter, dialogue, dialect, diafribe, diaphanous, dialectic	Greek
acr	(sharp)	acrimonious, acerbity, acrid, acridine, acrimony, acerate	Latin
acro	(high)	acrobat, acronymn, acropolis, acrophobia, acromegaly, acrocarpous	Greek
culp	(blame)	culprit, culpable, exculpate, inculpate, exculpatory	Latin
derm	(skin)	dermatologist, dermatitis, pachyderm, hypodermic, ectoderm, endoderm	Greek
zo	(animal)	zoo, protozoa, zoophilous, zoopłankton, zoophagous, Mesozoic, zodiac	Greek
per	(through)	perception, perforation, percolate, perambulate, peregrination	Latin
pac	(peace)	pacify, pacific, pacifist, pacifier, pacifism, Pax Romana, pacification	Latin
brev	(short)	brevity, abbreviation, breve, breviary, brevirostrate, brief	Latin
necro	(death)	necropolis, necromancer, necrophobia, necrotic, necrobiosis	Greek
urb	(city)	urban, urbane, suburbs, urbanite, urbanologist, urbanism	Latin
pugn	(fight)	pugnacious, repugnant, pugilist, impugn, oppugn, inexpugnable	Latin
ecto	(outer)	ectoderm, ectozoa, ectomorph, ectothermic, ectoplasm, ectoparasite	Greek
plasto	(molded)	plastic, dermoplasty, rhinoplasty, plaster, plasticity, plastid	Greek
agog	(leader)	demagogue, pedagogue, synagogue, agogics, pedagogy, mystagogue	Greek
cle	(small)	molecule, corpuscle, follicle, minuscule, ventricle, particle, vessicle	Latin
il	(not)	illegal, illiterate, illicit, ill-mannered, illogical, illegible, illiberal	Latin

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sed	(sit)	sedentary, sediment, sedan, sedative, sedate, supersede, assiduous, insidious	Latin
leg	(read)	legible, legend, illegible, legendary, legibility, alleged	Latin
anim	(mind)	equanimity, animal, animated, animosity, magnanimous, animadversion	Latin
tort	(twist)	contorted, torture, tortuous, retort, distort, torturous, tort, tortilla	Latin
nym	(name)	homonym, acronym, pseudonym, anonymous, patronymic, anomaly	Greek
sanct	(holy)	sanctity, sanctimonious, sacrosanct, sanctuary, unsanctioned, sanctify	Latin
meta	(change)	metamorphosis, metaphor, metaphysics, metastasize, metabolism	Greek
petr	(rock)	petrify, petroleum, petrology, petroglyph, petrophilous, petrochemical	Latin
mir	(wonder)	miracle, mirage, mirror, mirabile dictu, admire, mirabilia, miracle play	Latin
man	(hand)	manual, manicure, manipulate, manacles, amanuensis, legerdemain	Latin
rect	(right)	correct, rectitude, direct, rectilinear, rectangle, rectify, rector, erect	Latin
volv	(roll)	revolve, involved, devolve, convoluted, volvox, revolution, volvulus	Latin
demi	(half)	demigod, demitasse, demisemiquaver, demiurge, demimonde, demirep	Latin
retro	(backward)	retroactive, retrofire, retrogress, retrospection, retrofit, retrorse	Latin
sens	(feel)	sense, sensitive, sensation, sensory, extrasensory, insensate	Latin
fy	(make)	fortify, rectify, horrify, solidify, reify, transmogrify, sanctify, pacify	Latin
ocul	(eye)	binocular, monocular, ocular, oculost, oculomotor nerve, oculometer	Latin
cur	(care for)	eure, curator, curative, cure-all, sinecure, secure, curate	Latin
ultra	(beyond)	ultramarine, ultraconservative, ultraviolet, ultramundane	Latin
oid	(appearance)	android (droid!), anthropoid, asteroid, adenoid, xyloid, haploid	Greek
gest	(carry)	gestation, digest, ingest, congestion, gesticulate, gesture	Latin
apt	(fit)	adapt, aptitude, maladapted, adaptation, aptly, aptness	Latin
tact	(touch)	tactile, contact, tactics, tactician, tactful, intact	Latin
voc	(voice)	vociferously, vocal, sotto voce, invocation, vocabulary, convocation	Latin
rid	(laugh)	ridicule, deride, derision, risibility, ridiculous	Latin

paţh	(feeling)	sympathy, pathetic, pathos, telepathy, empathy, apathy, idiopathy	Greek
a	(not)	amoral, amorphous, atheist, apathy, agraphia, apolitical, aphasia, achromatic	Greek
nomy	(law)	astronomy, economy, Deuteronomy, taxonomy, heteronomy, nomothetic	Greek
fid	(faith)	infidel, fidelity, confidence, diffident, bona fide, fiduciary, perfidy	Latin
caco	(bad)	cacophony, cacography, cacodemon, cacoëthes, cacodyl, cacology	Greek
hetero	(different)	heterodox, heteromorphic, heterogenous, heterosexual, heteronym	Greek
sci	(know)	science, conscience, prescience, omniscience, scientism, sciomancy	Latin
graph	(write)	bibliography, photograph, autograph, polygraph, stenography	Greek
lat	(side)	bilateral, unilateral, lateral fin, multilateral, collateral, latitude, translate	Latin
lith	(rock)	neolithic, paleolithic, lithograph, megalith, monolith, lithium, laccolith	Greek
tract	(pull)	tractor, detract, retraction, attractive, protractor, contract, traction	Latin
in	(in or not)	inscribe, insane, infidel, indefinite, incorrigible, insomnia	Latin
co	(together)	cooperate, coordinating, coterminous, colloquy, coauthor, cotangent	Latin
phile	(love)	philosopher, audiophile, bibliophile, philologist, philanthropy	Greek
ine	(nature of)	porcine, crystalline, saturnine, canine, ursine, vulpine, bovine	Greek
-ar	(relating to)	pulsar, stellar, lunar, solar, secular, columnar, linear, circular	Latin
hexa	(six)	hexagram, hexagon, hexapod, hexameter, hexahedron, hexarchy	Greek
fract	(break)	fracture, infraction, fraction, refraction, refractory, fractious	Latin
platy	(flat)	plateau, platyhelminthes, platypus, plate, platitude, platyrrhine	Greek
theo	(god)	theology, pantheism, atheism, monotheism, apotheosis, henotheism	Greek
fin	(end)	final, define, infinite, finial, finis, Finisterre, infinitive, fin de siecle	Latin
hedron	(sided object)	polyhedron, tetrahedron, heptahedron, octahedron, icosahedron	Greek
ambul	(walk)	ambulatory, somnambulism, funambulist, ambulance, perambulate	Latin
ous	(full of)	luminous, glorious, loquacious, vivacious, garrulous, anomalous, zealous	Latin
topo	(place)	topographical, topology, topic, topiary, toponym, topognosia	Greek

ped	(foot or child)	orthopedist, pedagogue, centipede, expedition, pedestrian, pedestal		Latin
mort	(death)	mortal, mortician, mortified, immortality, mortuary, moribund		Latin
carn	(flesh)	carnivorous, incarnate, reincarnated, carnival, carnation, carnage		Latin
psych	(soul)	psychology, psychic, psychopathic, parapsychology, psychosis		Greek
ethno	(race or culture)	ethnocentrism, ethnic group, ethnography, ethnologist		Greek
gen	(origin)	genetics, hydrogen, progeny, engender, gene, ingenuous, indigenous		Greek
nat	(born)	prenatal, native, natural, nativity, nation, nascent, natal, perinatal		Latin
paleo	(old)	paleozoic, paleolithic, paleontologist, paleoanthropic, paleography		Greek
curs	(run)	cursive, discursive, incursion, precursor, cursory, cursorial, cursor		Latin
crypt	(hidden)	cryptic, cryptologist, crypt, cryptogram, encrypt, cryptesthesia		Greek
cad	(fall)	cascade, cadaver, cadence, cadenza, cadaverous, decadent		Latin
capit	(head)	decapitate, capital, recapitulate, capitulation, capitulum		Latin
loqu	(talk)	loquacious, circumlocution, eloquent, soliloquy, somniloquy, dialogue		Latin
sacro	(holy)	sacrosanct, sacred, sacrifice, sacrament, sacrilege, consecrate		Latin
uni	(one)	unicycle, universe, united, union, uniform, unison, unique, unicorn		Latin
ness	(quality)	softness, redness, politeness, kindness, darkness, vagueness	Old	English
alt	(high)	altitude, alto, altimeter, altar, altocumulus, altiplano		Latin
ics	(art)	politics, economics, aesthetics, graphics, ethics, calisthenics		Greek
iso	(equal)	isothermal, isometric, isosceles, isomer, isocracy, isotope		Greek
vert	(turn)	convert, revert, inverted, divert, vertex, controvert, extrovert, introvert		Latin
ate	(cause)	domesticate, implicate, create, procreate, insinuate, placate, dominate		Latin
cor	(heart)	core, concord, discord, misericord, cordial, courageous		Latin
ess	(female)	lioness, empress, princess, baroness, seamstress, governess		Greek
muta	(change)	mutant, mutation, mutagenic, mutable, transmutation, immutable		Latin
fug	(flee)	centrifuge, fugitive, tempus fugit, subterfuge, refugee, fugue		Latin